## Year 6: Living things and their habitats Knowledge Mat

Subject S	pecific Vocabulary	Interesting Books	Sticky Knowledge
micro- organism	Micro-organisms are tiny. They are so small they can only be seen with a microscope.	Animals "in Backbones	about Classification of animals
vertebrates	A vertebrate animal is one that has a backbone.	Animalsuitore Backbones Ba	The largest vertebrate is the blue whale, which can grow to over 100 feet long and 400,000 pounds.
invertebrates	An Invertebrate animal does not have a backbone and 97% of creatures belong to this group.		The smallest vertebrate is thought to be a tiny frog called the Paedophryne amauensis. It only
species	This is the grouping together of similar species of plant, animal and other organisms.		<ul> <li>grows to about 0.3 inches long.</li> <li>Vertebrates tend to be much more intelligent than invertebrates.</li> </ul>
fungi	Fungi are a group of living organisms which are classified in their own kingdom. This means they are not animals, plants, or bacteria.		Vertebrate animals can be either warm or cold-blooded. A cold- blooded animal cannot maintain
monera	The whole organism is made up of just one cell. The cell is more basic than cells of other organisms.	Important facts to know by the end of the classification of	a constant body temperature. The temperature of their body is determined by the outside surroundings.
bacteria	Bacteria are tiny little organisms that are everywhere around us.	<ul><li>animals topic:</li><li>Be able to classify living things</li></ul>	An invertebrate is an animal that does not have a backbone. 97%
protista	Protists are not animals, plants, fungi, or bacteria. Many protists are so small that	into broad groups according to observable characteristics and	of all animal species are invertebrates.
	people can see them only through a microscope.	based on similarities and differences.	Frogs can breathe through their skin.
algae	Is a single or multi-cellular organism that has no roots, stems or leaves and is often found in water.	<ul> <li>know how living things have been classified.</li> <li>give reasons for classifying plants and animals based on specific characteristics.</li> </ul>	There are a wide variety of interesting ocean animals that are invertebrates. These include sponges, corals, jellyfish, anemones, and starfish.
Carl Linnaeus	Carl Linnaeus is famous for his work in Taxonomy, the science of identifying, naming and classifying organisms (plants, animals, bacteria, fungi, etc.).		

