

St. Wilfrid's CE Primary Academy Curriculum Overview 2025-2026 Reception



<u>Term:</u>	<u>M:</u> <u>Autumn Term</u>		Spring Term		Summer Term	
Focus Theme:	Good to be me!	Come and celebrate!	All around us	Spring Time	Once upon a time	Growing
Focus Theme Summary	"Good to be Me!" centres on helping children learn about themselves as they begin their journey in school. Using the focus text Starting School by Janet and Allan Ahlberg, children explore their feelings about starting in Reception, discussing their emotions and how they feel about new beginnings. They learn about their bodies, senses, and families, reflecting on how they have grown and changed from babies to their current selves. The topic also encourages children to consider their personal history, looking at how they have developed over time. Discussions will include what they are good at, the uniqueness of their families, and the changes they will experience as they grow. This exploration of self, fosters confidence and a sense of identity as they embark on this new chapter.	"Come and Celebrate!" invites children to explore and learn about the many cultural and religious festivals that take place during the autumn, using 'The Christmas Story' by Heather Amery as a central text. Throughout this half term, children will discover how different cultures and communities celebrate occasions such as Harvest, Diwali, Bonfire Night, and Christmas. The topic emphasises the importance of respecting and appreciating the diverse traditions and beliefs that make each person unique. Children will share their family and community customs, learning that people celebrate in various ways around the world. Supporting texts like 'Where the Poppies Now Grow' by Hilary Robinson and 'The Scarecrow's Wedding' by Julia Donaldson will enrich their understanding of celebration and remembrance.	"All Around Us!" offers exciting learning opportunities centred on the theme of travel. With the focus text 'The Journey Home from Grandpa's' by Jemima Lumley, children embark on an exploration walk around the school and take a virtual tour of Standish, discovering their local environment. This topic also includes visits from community helpers and emergency services, who bring their vehicles along, helping children understand the important roles these individuals play in society. Through diverse texts like 'Coming to England' by Baroness Floella Benjamin and 'We're Going on a Lion Hunt' by David Axtell, children gain perspectives on different experiences and communities. They explore various modes of travel and consider how they move through their local area and where they go on holidays.	"Spring Time" invites children to explore the wonders of the changing season through a variety of engaging activities and texts. With the focus text 'We're Going on an Egg Hunt' by Martha Mumford, children will embark on an exciting adventure to discover the signs of new life emerging all around them. A visit to St Wilfrid's Church, paired with a signs of spring walk, allows them to observe the natural world waking up after winter. The topic also introduces the concept of Easter, giving children the opportunity to learn about this important event in the Christian calendar. Through these experiences, children will gain an understanding of how the changing seasons affect the weather, environment, trees, and animals, fostering a deeper connection with the natural world around them.	"Once Upon a Time" sparks children's imagination and nurtures a love for stories and reading by diving into the magical world of fairy tales. With 'Goldilocks and the Three Bears' by Heather Amery as the focus text, children engage in a hands-on Porridge Experiment, blending science with storytelling. A storytelling workshop centred on fairy tales further enriches their experience, allowing them to learn, retell, and act out beloved tales such as Cinderella, Little Red Riding Hood, The Three Little Pigs, and The Three Billy Goats Gruff. Throughout this topic, children will enjoy retelling their favourite stories, imagining alternative endings, and bringing the tales to life through role-play activities, deepening their understanding of narrative structure and character development.	"Growing" invites children to explore the wonders of nature and growth through the classic tale of 'Jack and the Beanstalk' by Mara Alperin. This theme encourages children to observe, discuss, and describe real plants, as they engage in hands-on activites like planting and caring for beans, learning first-hand about what a seed needs to grow and the stages of the growth process. The topic includes games, songs, and rhymes centred around plants, making learning interactive and fun. Children will compare life on a farm in the UK with one in Uganda, and study life cycles, reflecting on how they have changed from babies to now. A visit to Smithills Farm provides an exciting opportunity to connect classroom learning with realworld experiences, deepening their understanding of growth and change in both plants and
Hook:	Family Photos	Santa's Grotto role play	Exploration Walk round school and Virtual tour of Standish	Visit to Church	Porridge 'Experiment'	Planting Beans/sunflowers
Focus Reading Text:	Starting School by Janet and Allan Ahlberg Starting School Journal Allan Allerg	The Christmas Story by Heather Amery CHRISTMAS	The Journey home from Grandpa's by Jemima Lumley	The Easter Story	Goldilocks and the Three Bears by Heather Amery Goldilocks The Three Bears	The Growing story by Ruth Krauss
Home Learning project:	'Bring Home Bear'		Easter bonnet		Character masks	
<u>Showcase:</u>	Painting Portraits Nursery to visit Reception art gallery	Nativity Performance	Exhibition of Vehicle Models Mini presentation to Year 1	Easter Bonnet parade	Grandparent Questionnaire	Portrait Gallery
Focus Theme Enrichment:	Let's P Celebratio		•	service/ambulance from our with vehicles)	Freshwater Workshop – Fairy tales	Smithills Farm

<u>Literacy:</u>

Developing a passion for reading

Comprehension

Word Reading

ELS

Poetry

It is crucial for children to develop a **life-long love of reading.** Reading consists of two dimensions: **language comprehension and word reading.** Language comprehension (necessary for both reading and writing) starts from birth. It only develops when adults talk with children about the world around them and the books (stories and non-fiction) they read with them, and **enjoy rhymes, poems and songs together.** Skilled word reading, taught later, involves both the speedy working out of the pronunciation of unfamiliar printed words (**decoding**) and the **speedy recognition of familiar printed words.** Writing involves **transcription** (spelling and handwriting) and composition (articulating ideas and structuring them in speech, before writing)

n	Autum	n Term	Spring	<u>ı Term</u>	Summe	er Term
	Good to be me!	Come and celebrate!	All around us	Spring Time	Once upon a time	Growing
	Funny Bones by Allan Ahlberg and Janet Ahlberg Handa's Surprise by Eileen Browne Peepo by Allan Ahlberg and Janet Ahlberg Rainbow Fish by Marcus Pfister	Where the Poppies Now Grow by Hilary Robinson Where The Poppies New Grow The Nativity by Gemma Barder The Story of Baby Jesus by Mary Kelly Dear Santa by Rod Campbell The Nativity Play by Nick Butterworth NATIVITY PLAY Nativity Play Christmas around the world	Through my Window by Tony Bradman The Mitten by Jan Brett Coming to England by Baroness Floella Benjamin Coming to England Benjamin The Journey Home from Grandpa's by Jemima Lumley We're going on a bear hunt by Michael Rosen We're going on a lion hunt by David Axtell Non-fiction books on transport	Seasons come seasons go tree by Patricia Hegarty Busy Spring- Nature wakes up by Sean Taylor Little Baa by Kim Lewis This is Our Church	The Three little pigs The Enormous turnip The Three Billy Goat's Gruff The Gingerbread Man Jack and the Beanstalk The Little Red Hen	The Tiny Seed by Eric Carle The Very Hungry Caterpillar by Eric Carle 'A super hero like you' by Dr. Ranj Singh Monkey Puzzle by Julia Donaldson Jasper's Beanstalk by Nick Butterworth
	Daily Read and Recite: Collection of rhymes, poems and songs	Daily Read and Recite: Collection of rhymes, poems and songs	Daily Read and Recite: Collection of rhymes, poems and songs	Daily Read and Recite: Collection of rhymes, poems and songs	Daily Read and Recite: Collection of rhymes, poems and songs	Daily Read and Recite: Collection of rhymes, poems and songs

Writing:

Texts used as stimulus across the year

Phonics: ELS

Writing is an important lifelong skill. Learning to write is a complex process that involves learning many skills. First, children need to learn to speak, build their vocabulary and develop the fine motor coordination they will need to manipulate a writing instrument. As they grow, they need to learn about the alphabet and to make connections between spoken and written words. Children need to learn to write so they can communicate and express themselves. Formal writing, taught later in reception, involves transcription (spelling and handwriting) and composition (articulating ideas and structuring them in speech, before writing). Children should be provided with opportunities to build their physical strength and control in the core, upper body, hands and fingers. Writing develops alongside all learning areas, especially communication and language, reading and mathematics. Writing, along with reading, makes up literacy, one of the four specific areas of the Early Years Foundation Stage (EYFS).

<u>Autumn Term</u>		Spring Term		<u>Summer Term</u>		
Dominant hand, tripod grip,	Consolidate Autumn One	Writing based around	Writing based around	Write recognisable letters	Write recognisable letter	
mark making, giving meaning		developing short sentences	developing short sentences	(lower case and capital)	(lower case and capital)	
to marks	Help children identify the	in a meaningful context.	in a meaningful context.	most of which are formed	most of which are forme	
	sound that is tricky to spell.			correctly	correctly	
Writing initial sounds and		Form most lower-case and	Form most lower-case and			
simple captions.	Sequence the story	capital letter correctly	capital letter correctly	Spell words by identifying	Spell words by identifyin	
				the sounds and then writing	the sounds and then writi	
Use initial sounds to label	Write a caption	Spell words by identifying	Spell words by identifying	the sound with letter/s,	the sound with letter/s	
characters and images.		the sounds and then writing	the sounds and then writing	using taught GPCs	using taught GPCs	
	Use correct letter formation	the sound with letter/s,	the sound with letter/s,			
Write name correctly		using taught GPCs	using taught GPCs	Write simple phrases and	Write simple phrases an	
	Begin to reread what they			sentences that can be read	sentences that can be re	
Use some of their print and	have written	Write captions/phrases and	Write captions/phrases and	by others including: word	by others including: wor	
etter knowledge in their early		begin to write simple	begin to write simple	spacing, full stop, capital	spacing full stop, capito	
writing	Begin to spell CVC words	sentences using known	sentences using known	letter	letter	
	correctly using GPC	GPCssentence, full stop,	GPCssentence, full stop,			
Begin to form lower-case		capital letter and word	capital letter and word	Begin to sequence 2-3	Begin to sequence 2-3	
letters correctly	Begin to spell words by	Spacing	Spacing	sentences within purposeful	sentences within purpose	
	identifying the sounds and			fiction/ nonfiction writing,	fiction/ nonfiction writin	
Begin to spell words by	then writing the sound	Re-read what they have	Re-read what they have	such as: 2–3-part story, (e.g.,	such as: 2–3-part story, (e	
identifying the sounds and	with letter/s, using known	written to make sure it	written to make sure it	using	using	
then writing the sound with	GPCs	makes sense	makes sense	story map/planner)	story map/planner)	
letter/s, using known GPCs						
	Write labels	Begin to write a variety of	Begin to write a variety of	Instructions, Fact cards	Instructions, Fact cards	
Use initial sounds VC Words		fiction and non-fiction	fiction and non-fiction			
	Begin to write lists and	sentences/captions	sentences/ captions		Labelling, close activitie	
Oral rehearsal	captions, focusing onlabel,				alphabetical order, recou	
	caption, space	Labelling, instructions and	Instructions and adjectives		sentences retelling and	
		Sentences			ordering stories.	
	Invitations, cards, Letters,		Mothering Sunday poems			
			and descriptions.			
Phonics Phase 1 aspects 5,6,7	Continue Phase 2 and	Phase 2 and Phase 3	Phase 3	Phase 4 recap all sounds	Phase 4 recap all sound	
Phase 2 as children are ready	introduce Phase 3 when				and key words	
	children are ready					

Physical Development:

Gross Motor Skills:

through outdoor learning in the outdoor area and weekly PE lessons

Fine Motor Skills:

daily opportunities for fine motor activities

Physical activity is vital in children's all-round development, enabling them to pursue happy, healthy and active lives. Gross and fine motor experiences develop incrementally throughout early childhood, starting with sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength, co-ordination and positional awareness through tummy time, crawling and play movement with both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors and outdoors, adults can support children to develop their core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, co-ordination and agility. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well-being. Fine motor control and precision helps with hand-eye co-ordination, which is later linked to early literacy. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and play with small world activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practice of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to develop proficiency, control and confidence.

Autumn Term

Be increasingly independent as they get dressed and undressed Use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencil

Use one-handed tools and equipment, for example, making snips in paper with scissors Be increasingly independent in meeting their own care needs Introduction to how to use resources safely, construction and outdoors area, bikes etc., Fundamental P.E Skills-agility

Be increasingly independent as they get dressed and undressed Use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencil

Use one-handed tools and equipment, for example, making snips in paper with scissors
Be increasingly independent in meeting their own care needs
Negotiates space, avoid obstacles
Uses tools to change materials
Develop pincer control with small objects
Fundamental P.E. Skills- throwing

and catching

Spring Term

Develop their small motor skills
to use a range of tools
competently, safely and
confidently
Use core muscle strength to
achieve a good posture
when sitting at a table or sitting
on the floor
Develop the foundations of a
handwriting style
Develop self-regulation skills

materials.

Develop larger control using balance bikes
Fundamental P.E Skills gymnastics (circuits)

Handle objects safely: Malleable

Develop their small motor skills
to use a range of tools
competently, safely and
confidently
Use core muscle strength to
achieve a good posture
when sitting at a table or sitting
on the floor
Develop the foundations of a

handwriting style
Develop self-regulation skills
Use large construction materials
to build
Improve balance and mobility
Fundamental P.E Skillsbalancing and jumping

Summer Term

Summer Term

Spatial awareness

Demonstrate balance, strength
and coordination

Move in a variety of ways
energetically
Tripod grip
Develop fluency

Accurate and careful drawing
Understand health and exercise
Fundamental P.E Skills- ball skills,
team games

Spatial awareness
Demonstrate balance, strength
and coordination
Move in a variety of ways
energetically
Tripod grip
Develop fluency
Accurate and careful drawing
Children to know impact of
exercise on body, manage
hygiene etc. Healthy Eating.
Fundamental P.E Skills- agility

Maths:

Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary building blocks to excel mathematically. Children should be able to count confidently, develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10, the relationships between them and the patterns within those numbers. By providing frequent and varied opportunities to build and apply this understanding - such as using manipulatives, including small pebbles and tens frames for organising counting - children will develop a secure base of knowledge and vocabulary from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is important that the curriculum includes rich opportunities for children to develop their spatial reasoning skills across all areas of mathematics including shape, space and measures. It is important that children develop positive attitudes and interests in mathematics, look for patterns and relationships, spot connections, 'have a go', talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be afraid to make mistakes.

Spring Term

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Autumn Term

Early Mathematical Experiences

Counting rhymes, songs and games.
Classifying objects based on one

attribute

Matching equal and unequal sets

Comparing objects and sets.
Subitising. 1-5
Ordering objects and sets/
introduce manipulatives. Number

recognition.
Begin to form numbers

Pattern and early number

Recognise, describe, copy and extend colour and size patterns
Count and represent the numbers
1 to 5

Estimate and check by counting.

Recognise numbers in the

environment.

Numbers within 5

Count up to six objects.
One more or one fewer
Order numerals 1 - 5
Conservation of numbers within

Addition and subtraction within 5

Explore addition and subtraction

Measures

Estimate, order compare, discuss and explore capacity, weight and lengths

Shape and sorting

Describe and sort 2-D shapes
Describe position accurately

Calendar and time

Days of the week, seasons Night and Daytime Positional language

Zero

Understanding of concept of Zero

Numbers within 10

Count up to ten objects
Represent, order and explore
numbers to ten
Composition

One more or fewer, one greater or less
Subitise

Comparing 2 quantities, ordering quantities

Pairing

Writing numbers Addition and subtraction within 10

Explore addition –combining two groups Subtraction as taking away Number Bonds to 10 addition, subtraction and equals symbols

Sharing equally

Measures

Vocabulary for, comparing weight and height and length and capacity (full and empty estimation)

Time – sequence events, yesterday/today/tomorrow Days of the Week

Patterns

Repeating patterns

Shape

Describe and sort 3-D shapes Describe similarities and differences

Numbers beyond 10

Build and identify numbers to 20 and begin to understand order and place value Composition Count on and back to beyond 10 Subitise One more/one less

One more/one less Missing Numbers, Estimating Writing numbers

Addition and subtraction within 20

Understand an amount can be changed by adding more or taking away
Begin to add on by counting on Begin to problem solve and reason
Recall number bonds to 5/10

Doubling

Double means twice the amount.
Say doubles of numbers to 10

Sharina/Even and Odd

Share to make equal groups
Recognise some quantities can't
be paired or shared equally –
begin to understand odd one left
Begin to understand the odd
and even number structure

Shape and Space

Positional language Spatial reasoning Shapes can be combined or separated to make a new shape

Patterns

Patterns in numbers and shape Repeating patterns Symmetry

Communication and Language: Listening, Attention and Understanding, Speaking

Whole EYFS Focus -C&L is developed throughout the year through high quality interactions, daily group discussions, sharing circles, PSHE times, stories, singing, Poetry, speech and language interventions, role-play areas, sharing weekend news, EYFS productions, assemblies and weekly interventions

The development of children's spoken language underpins all seven areas of learning and development. Children's back-and-forth interactions from an early age form the foundations for language and cognitive development. The number and quality of the conversations they have with adults and peers throughout the day in a language-rich environment is crucial. By commenting on what children are interested in or doing, and echoing back what they say with new vocabulary added, practitioners will build children's language effectively. Reading frequently to children, and engaging them actively in stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems, and then providing them with extensive opportunities to use and embed new words in a range of contexts, will give children the opportunity to thrive. Through conversation, story-telling and role play, where children share their ideas with support and modelling from their teacher, and sensitive questioning that invites them to elaborate, children become comfortable using a rich range of vocabulary and language structures.

	language structures.						
],	<u>Autumn Term</u>		Spring Term		<u>Summer Term</u>		
s,	Understand 'why' questions	Understand 'why' questions	Learn new relevant vocabulary	Learn new relevant vocabulary	Listening and responding	Listening and responding	
ees ns	Know many rhymes, be able to talk about familiar books, and be able to tell a long story Understand a question or instruction that has two parts Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important Connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives Listening to stories and sequencing ideas Model: Show, tell and question.	Know many rhymes, be able to talk about familiar books, and be able to tell a long story Understand a question or instruction that has two parts Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important Role play: Explore roles and characters Maintain attention	Articulate ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound Learn rhymes, poems and songs Learn from non-fiction books Listening games to a collection of sounds Make up stories, different endings	Articulate ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound Learn rhymes, poems and songs Learn from non-fiction books Follow stories and respond to questions Respond to what others might say	Making comments Holding back and forth conversations Participate in discussions Offer explanations Express ideas and feelings in full sentences including different tenses and conjunctions Respond to ideas expressed by others – begin to ask how and why questions, Begin to use past, present in vocabulary, Respond/ask questions	Making comments Holding back and forth conversations Participate in discussions Offer explanations Express ideas and feelings in full sentences including different tenses and conjunctions Respond and ask questions Explain ideas and connect events	
			Begin to anticipate events in stories	·			

<u>Personal, Social and Emotional Development:</u>

Self -Regulation

Managing Self

Building Relationships

Think Equal Level 2 Children's personal, social and emotional development (PSED) is crucial for children to lead healthy and happy lives, and is fundamental to their cognitive development. Underpinning their personal development are the important attachments that shape their social world. Strong, warm and supportive relationships with adults enable children to learn how to understand their own feelings and those of others. Children should be supported to manage emotions, develop a positive sense of self, set themselves simple goals, have confidence in their own abilities, to persist and wait for what they want and direct attention as necessary. Through adult modelling and guidance, they will learn how to look after their bodies, including healthy eating, and manage personal needs independently. Through supported interaction with other children, they learn how to make good friendships, co-operate and resolve conflicts peaceably. These attributes will provide a secure platform from which children can achieve at school and in later life.

Spring Term

Become more outgoing with
unfamiliar people, in the safe
context of their setting
Talk about their feelings
Play with other children,
extending and elaborating play
ideas
Follow simple instructions
Increasingly follow rules withou
reminders, understanding why
they are important

Become more outgoing with unfamiliar people, in the safe context of their setting Talk about their feelings Play with other children, extending and elaborating play ideas
Increasingly follow rules without reminders, understanding why they are important
Following two-part instructions

Express feelings
Identify own feelings socially
and emotionally
Show resilience and
perseverance
Think about the perspectives of
others
See themselves as a valuable
individual

Express feelings
Identify own feelings socially
and emotionally
Show resilience and
perseverance
Think about the perspectives of
others
See themselves as a valuable
individual

Belonging

feelings
Focus attention
Respond appropriately
Show independence resilience
and perseverance
Know right from wrong
Manage own hygiene and basic
needs
Work cooperatively, positively
and sensitively

Explore emotions: How to deal
with upsets
Getting along with each other

Understand own and others

Summer Term

others Understand own and others feelings
Focus attention

Respond appropriately
Show independence resilience
and perseverance
Know right from wrong
Manage own hygiene and basic
needs
Work cooperatively, positively

What we want to be when we grow up
Follow more complex instructions and answer how and why questions

and sensitively

Circle time: Rules of school,
getting to know each other,
family names, Harvest
Marvellous me

Circle time: Rules of school,
falling ou

Autumn Term

Circle time: Making friends, falling out and consequences of actions Special people

Community: What's around us? Understand the importance of listening and following instructions.

Understanding the world:

People, culture and Communities

Our Curriculum enables children to develop a positive sense of themselves and others and learn how to form positive and respectful relationships.

They will begin to understand and value the differences of individuals and aroups within their own and the wider community.

Children will have opportunity to develop their emerging moral and cultural awareness. Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them - from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiaritu with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.

Spring Term

Different celebrations between different religions Maps of school and cultural communities in

Identifying their family. Commenting on photos of their Develop a knowledge and family; naming who they can awareness of other festivals ... see and of what relation they Harvest, Diwali are to them

Autumn Term

Where I Live

My family

Can talk about what they do

with their family and places they

have been with their familu.

Can draw similarities and make

comparisons between other

families

Name and describe people who

are familiar to them.

Read fictional stories about

families and start to tell the

difference between real and

fiction.

Talk about members of their

immediate family and

community.

Stranger danger/Road Safetu

Talking about occupations and

how to identify strangers that

can help them when they are in

need.

Name and describe people who

are familiar to them People in

their local/school community... site manager, office manager,

lollypop person, shop keeper

Begin to understand that some places are special to members of their community

this country

Talk about special places theu go with their family... places of worship visited by children

Begin to recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times

Develop a knowledge and awareness of other festivals ... Bonfire Night, Christmas

To introduce children to a range of fictional characters and creatures from stories and to begin to differentiate these characters from real people in their lives.

Introduce children to different occupations and how they do their jobs.

Talk about members of their immediate family and community

Describe family members ... grandparent, older, younger

Understand that there are many different types of families

Investigate their immediate environment-Standish, linking with people in our society

Use images, video clips, shared texts and other resources to bring the wider world into the classroom

Listen to what children say about what they see

Talk about members of their immediate family and community

Name and describe people who are familiar to them

Understand that some places are special to members of their communitu

Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different waus - Chinese New Year

Recognise some similarities and differences between life in this country and other countries

Different celebrations between different religions and cultural communities in this country

Use images, video clips, shared texts and other resources to bring the wider world into the classroom

Listen to what children sau about what they see

Talk about members of their immediate family and community

Name and describe people who are familiar to them

Understand that some places are special to members of their communitu

Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different waus - Chinese New Year

Recognise some similarities and differences between life in this country and other countries

Map work

Summer Term

Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion. stories, non-fiction texts and maps

Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class

Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, nonfiction texts and -when appropriate - maps

Compare a farm in the UK with one in Uganda

Describe their immediate environment usina knowledae from observation, discussion. stories, non-fiction texts and maps

Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this countru. drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class

Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, nonfiction texts and -when appropriate - maps

Understanding the world:

Past and Present

Children begin to explore History by first starting with their own and through reading and exploring high quality texts

Understanding the world involves guiding children to **make sense of their physical world and their community**. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge

<u>Autumn Term</u>		Spring	<u>g Term</u>	Summe	er Term
Personal History: When I was in Nursery. What is old? What is new?	The Christmas Story Christmas in the past Children to comment on	Talk about the lives of people around us and their roles in society.	Stories from the past (Easter) Know some similarities and	Stories our parents and grandparents heard Traditional Tale Settings - use	Adult and Baby Life-cycles Personal History: How have I changed? Jobs
Talk about members of their	familiar situations linked to	Talk about people that the	differences between things in	as a stimulus to discuss what	
immediate family and community. Begin to make sense of their	celebrations in the past – Bonfire Night / Christmas / Diwali. Can children talk about what they have done with	children may have come across within their community, such as the police, the fire service, doctors and teachers.	the past and now, drawing on how they have grown and changed, what can they do now that they couldn't in the	life is like in the setting for the characters – then and now Listening to stories and	Changes in living things - Think about life cycles and place in order events to show change over time.
own life-story and family's	their families		past.	placing events in	
history in terms of their family dynamics linked to All About Me. Grandparent, older, younger etc.	during past celebrations? Show photos of how	Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on	Listening to stories and placing events in	chronological order – linked to text focus for Literacy.	Additionally link to seasonal change over the year 'now and then'
Begin to comment on images of familiar situations in the past, when mum was little	Christmas used to be celebrated in the past. Begin to identify similarities and differencesFamily	their experiences and what has been read in class Understand the past through settings, characters and	chronological order – linked to text focus for Literacy.		Talk about the lives of the people around them and the roles in society
Listen out for and make note of	history – Christmas focus -	events encountered in books			Know some similarities and
	what was life like for children's parents/grandparents when they were 4/5 years old – what is the same /different – toys/celebrations/ traditions	read in class and storytelling Listening to stories and placing events in chronological order –linked to text focus for Literacy.			differences between things in the past and now, drawing of their experiences and what has been read in class.
	Listen to what children say about their own past experiences with people who are familiar to them.	J			Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling

What is the same / different about the experience now? How? Why?

Understanding the world:

The natural world

We encourage interactions with the outdoors to foster curiosity and give children freedom to touch, smell and hear the natural world around them during hands-on experiences.

We use our outdoor provision to provide first hand experiences of the natural world

Understanding the world involves quiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them - from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, nonfiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.

Spring Term

Autumn Term

Exploring our immediate environment. Talk about local environment and where we live. Mapwork of Standish.

Observing similarities & differences. What happens in Autumn? Observing changes, colours and patterns in environment Colour and Liaht How can we help the wildlife in Winter?

Exploring our immediate environment, Field Trip: Looking for the signs of Spring including Observing changes drawing pictures of animals and plants Compare our environment to a contrasting one

Investigating the Spring season. Observing changes drawing pictures of animals and plants

Materials, Natural and Man-Made. Exploring properties Explore the settings of the tales and compare. Investigate changing states of matter- bread baking, porridge Growing plants, Observing chanaes. Sorting and classifying Farm animals Trip to farm

Expressive Arts and Design:

Creating with Materials

Painting, 3D modelling, messy play, collage, cutting, drama, role play, threading, clay sculptures,

Lots of links to Fine Motor Skills. Children to explain their work to others.

The development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what they hear, respond to and observe.

Autumn Term

Painting and drawing Self-portraits Collage work: My friends Cutting and sticking skills Artist: Archimboldo

Craft. Making cards, calendars and decorations. Selecting appropriate materials. Collage Artist: Van Gogh

Spring Term Build their own town or city of

World.

helpful people in the small

Architecture Observational drawinas Stained Glass Windows Planning large scale models Selectina materials Artist: Helen Whittaker

Summer Term

Summer Term

Sculpture, Den Making, using a variety of materials. Drama, making character masks Artist: Sandra Suarez

Textiles and Collage, Printing onto textiles Making costumes and props for class assemblies Artist: Andy Goldsworthy

Expressive Arts and Design:

Being Imaginative and Expressive

Moving to music. following music patterns with instruments, singing songs linked to topics, making instruments, percussion.

Children will have opportunities to learn and perform songs, nursery rhymes and poetry linked to their work / interests and passions.

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Autumn Term Summer Term Spring Term Actions, movement and Singing and performing Singing and body percussion -Singing and percussion - Our Invent, adapt and recount Dance/Drama, Performing for Recount the narrative of the First Everyone! World Traditional Tales imagination - Me others Sing well known nurseru rhumes Christmas Traditional Tales - Bia Bear Funk Pitched instruments and songs

Specific Areas:

Religious Education

EYFS 2 Harvest:

Why do people of faith say thank you to God at harvest time?

EYFS 3 Special People:

Why do Christians believe Jesus is special?

Links to World Faiths:

Founders and Leaders of faith

EYFS 4 Christmas:

How do Christians celebrate Jesus' birthday?

Links to World Faiths:

Why did Jesus tell Stories? Hanukah, Diwali

EYFS 5 Stories Jesus Heard:

What stories did Jesus hear when he was a child?

EYFS 6 Stories Jesus Told:

EYFS 7 Easter:

Why do Christians believe that Easter is all about love?

EYFS 9 Special Places:

What makes a place holy? Links to World Faiths: Prayer

EYFS 11 Special Times:

How do you celebrate special times?

Links to World Faiths:

Festivals and Celebrations

Me You World God

Spirituality

At St. Wilfrid's, we believe spirituality is within everyone; we are all created in the image of God and valued for who we are. Spirituality is about how we connect with ourselves, others, the world around us, and with God through love. We nurture spiritual development through daily collective worship, our curriculum, reflection, creativity, and by living out our Christian Values. Through worship, children experience opportunities such as singing, prayer, stillness, and reflection, helping them to flourish and live life in all its fullness.

Children learn about the importance of family and special people in a child's life. These special people can be

family members, friends, or carers.

They are described as people we trust, who make us feel safe and loved, and who take care of us and our feelings. This feeling of being loved and cared for by "special people" is presented as fundamental for well-being and could contribute to a child's sense of being valued or special friendship, highlighting that friends play, share, compliment, listen, and make us laugh.

Giving and receiving compliments. Saying "thank you" when complimented and ensuring compliments are nice and genuine children learn about diversity by illustrating that families come in all shapes and sizes and about family life, homes, mealtimes, and free time in different parts of the world. diversity makes the world an exciting place understanding others and the world's diversity, exposure to variety and difference is a component

understanding one's own unique identity within that diverse world.

Children learn about emotions and how to identifu feelings like happy, sad, angry, and scared; how talking to

others can help manage feelings. Being supported in expressing and managing emotions contributes

child feeling understood and cared for.

In Reception, children are supported to recognise their own unique inner world of feelings and experiences, and how these relate to their interactions with others and the wider world. Through exploring family, friends, and special people, they learn that families come in all shapes and sizes but are all bound by love, helping them to value their own family and feel secure within it.

Activities such as sharing something they have learned, or reflecting on who their special people are, affirm their individuality and highlight the importance of relationships where they feel safe, loved, and cared for. Lessons on friendship emphasise kindness, listening, sharing, and giving compliments, helping children recognise the positive impact they can have on others while building their own sense of self-worth.

Discussions about different families, cultures, and celebrations broaden their understanding of uniqueness and difference on a wider scale, reinforcing the importance of treating everyone with kindness and respect.

By reflecting on how feelings and responses vary between people, children begin to understand that emotions are personal and unique, and that their own responses can influence how others feel. In this way, children learn that they are special, that their relationships matter, and that they can use their uniqueness to connect positively with others.

In Reception we offer opportunities for children to develop a simple "voice" by sharing their observations and

what they have learned about the natural world. Lessons focus on introducing children to the physical

aspects of the natural world, its inhabitants, and its seasonal changes, and provide basic opportunities

them to use their voice to share their observations and what they have learned.

Appreciating Their Place in the World: Exploring the natural world, such as the seasons (autumn

spring), and observing changes in nature like leaves falling or new life appearing can foster a sense of

wonder and connection to something larger than themselves.

Learning about different places like Africa or comparing life in Trinidad and Tobago with the UK, or exploring Christmas around the world and Diwali

can help children understand the vastness and diversity of the world, while simultaneously recognising their

own place within it and the unique cultural context they may come from.

Discussions about how everyone deserves to be treated with kindness and respect and how learning about others helps us live happy, safe.

and healthy lives can also reinforce the inherent value of every individual, including themselves.

The curriculum introduces children to the idea that people pray and believe in God or other deities, recounting religious stories, describing celebrations, or explaining the beliefs and actions of others.

awareness by reflecting on their uniqueness, personal history, and how they have grown and changed. They explore their moral understanding by recognising and respecting differences within their families and peers. Social skills are nurtured through discussions about feelings, sharing personal experiences, and learning to listen to and value others' contributions. Cultural understanding is fostered as they learn about the variety of family structures and traditions, helping them appreciate diversity from the start of their school journey.

encourages children to reflect on the meanina and significance of different celebrations. fostering a sense of wonder about the traditions and beliefs of others. It promotes moral understandina through learning to respect and value diversity, recognising that people may celebrate in different ways. Socially, children develop communication and collaboration skills as they share their own experiences and listen to those of others. Culturally, the unit broadens their awareness of a variety of customs and festivals, helping them appreciate the richness of different heritages.

to appreciate and take an interest in the world around them. fostering a sense of belonging to their local community. Social development is promoted through interactions with community helpers and learning about the roles people play in keeping society safe and functioning. Moral understanding is nurtured by recognising the importance of helping others and contributing positively to the community. Cultural development is supported through stories that introduce children to diverse experiences, places, and traditions, helping them to respect and value different ways of life.

growth through awe and wonder at the sians of new life and seasonal change, and by introducing children to the Christian celebration of Easter. encouraging respect for different beliefs. It promotes moral understanding by nurturing care and responsibility for living things and the environment. Social development is supported through shared experiences such as the spring walk and the visit to St Wilfrid's Church. helping children work together and build community connections. Cultural awareness is developed by exploring Christian traditions and recognising how seasonal changes are celebrated within the local community.

creativity, imagination, and a love of storytelling. Through exploring classic fairy tales, children reflect on moral themes such as kindness, honesty, and fairness, and consider the consequences of characters' actions. Collaborative roleplay and storytelling workshops promote cooperation, turntaking, and respect for others' ideas, while engaging with a variety of tales from different cultures broadens their appreciation of diverse traditions and narratives.

to reflect on the wonder of life cycles and the changes living things go through. Comparing life on a farm in the UK with one in Uganda nurtures respect for different ways of life and broadens children's cultural understanding. Caring for plants and animals develops a sense of responsibility, empathy, and respect for living things, while collaborative activities like planting seeds and visiting the farm strengthen social skills and teamwork.

EDIJ

Our Reception Curriculum actively fosters Equity, Diversity, Justice, and Inclusion (EDIJ) by celebrating differences, promoting fairness, encouraging empathy, and ensuring every child feels valued and respected, laying the foundation for a compassionate and inclusive society.

"Good to be Me!" helps to develop an early understanding of equality by recognising that everyone is unique and has their own strengths. The celebration of different families, backgrounds, and experiences fosters appreciation of diversity. By sharing personal histories and listening to others. they begin to understand inclusionthat everyone's story

matters and should

be valued. These early

discussions help lay

the foundations for

justice, encouraging

fairness, kindness, and

respect for

differences from the

start of their school

journey.

"Come and Celebrate!" introduces children to a range of cultural and religious celebrations, helpina them to recognise and respect differences while valuing what makes each person unique. By sharing their own family traditions and listening to those of their peers, children learn to appreciate diverse backgrounds and experiences. The topic encourages inclusion by ensuring all voices and customs are represented and celebrated, fostering a sense of belonging and mutual respect within the classroom community.

"All Around Us!" introduces children to a range of experiences and perspectives, fosterina understanding and respect for diversity. Through texts like Coming to England'. children learn about different cultural backgrounds and life experiences, promoting empathy and inclusion. Encounters with community helpers and emergency services highlight the value of everyone's contribution to society, reinforcing fairness and equality. The exploration of various modes of travel and different environments encourages children to recognise and celebrate both the similarities and differences between people and communities.

"Spring Time" introduces children to the Christian celebration of Easter while fostering respect for different cultural and religious traditions. Bu exploring seasonal changes and signs of new life, all children are included in shared experiences that value their observations and contributions. regardless of background. The unit promotes inclusion by creating opportunities for every child to engage in meaningful activities, encouraging curiosity about similarities and differences in the ways people celebrate and connect with nature.

"Once Upon a Time..." introduces children to a range of fairy tales from different cultures. helping them recognise and value stories beyond their own experiences. Through discussions about characters and plotlines, children explore themes of fairness, kindness, and empathy, developing an awareness of how actions affect others. Storytelling and roleplay activities encourage every child to participate, ensuring that all voices and ideas are respected and celebrated within the group.

"Growing" helps children develop awareness of similarities and differences in lifestyles through comparing life on a UK farm with one in Uganda, fostering respect for other cultures and communities. Discussions about life cycles and personal growth encourage children to value and celebrate individual differences, such as the unique ways people grow and change. The handson, inclusive activities ensure that all children can participate and contribute, promoting a sense of belonging and equal opportunity in learning.

Fundamental British Values

Our Reception Curriculum actively promotes the Fundamental British Values of democracy; the rule of law; individual liberty; mutual respect for and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs and for those without faith, in order to prepare children for life in Modern Britain.

"Good to be Me!" promotes individual liberty as children share their likes, dislikes, and personal experiences. celebrating what makes them unique. Learning about the uniqueness of their families and listening to others' experiences fosters mutual respect and tolerance for different backgrounds, beliefs, and traditions. Discussions about starting school also introduce the rule of law, helping children understand the importance of simple rules and routines in keeping everyone safe and happy.

"Come and Celebrate!" encourages mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs through the exploration of a variety of cultural and religious celebrations. Children learn about individual liberty as they share their own customs and traditions, while understanding that others may celebrate differently. The topic also fosters respect for diversity within the school and wider community, helping children recognise the importance of valuing and accepting different ways of life.

"All Around Us!" helps children understand the role of individual liberty through choosing how they travel and exploring places of personal interest. Meeting community helpers and emergency services promotes respect for the rule of law and highlights how these roles keep people safe. Learning about different communities through stories encourages mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs. Exploring their local area also nurtures a sense of belonging and responsibility within their community.

"Spring Time" encourages mutual respect and tolerance through learning about the Christian celebration of Easter and understanding its importance to those who observe it. It develops respect for individual beliefs and practices, fostering an inclusive attitude towards cultural and religious diversity. The unit also supports children in understanding the value of community by visiting St Wilfrid's Church and engaging with local traditions. helping them appreciate their role in society and the importance of shared experiences.

"Once Upon a Time..." encourages mutual respect and tolerance through the sharing and exploration of traditional tales from different cultures. Children develop an understanding of right and wrong by discussing characters' choices and the consequences of their actions, supporting the value of the rule of law. Role-play and group storytelling activities foster individual liberty by allowing children to express their own ideas and creativity while respecting the viewpoints of others.

"Growing" develops mutual respect and tolerance for different cultures and ways of life through comparina life on a UK farm with one in Uganda. Caring for plants and animals promotes individual responsibility and an understanding of how our actions affect living things, linking to the value of rule of law through following agreed routines (e.g., watering plants, treating animals gently). Working together in planting and farm activities encourages teamwork and democracy, as children share ideas. take turns, and make decisions collaboratively.

Christian Values

Our Christian Values underpin all of our Curriculum at St. Wilfrid's: FAIR, FORGIVE, TRUST, HOPE, LOVE, JOY, COURAGE, KIND and PEACE.